

SECTION 1

ABOUT THIS PRODUCTION



PLAY SYNOPSIS & SETTING

SYNOPSIS

When two couples meet while vacationing, they instantly transition from strangers to the best of friends. Despite their differences — Ed and Sadie are middle-aged, rich and traditional, while Martin and Chloe are young artists glowing with their potential to change the world — they find themselves spending the rest of their week together. When a seemingly inconsequential event throws both their lives into a tailspin, the couples find themselves wrestling with a moral dilemma: while it's human nature to want what you don't have, is it unnatural to abandon something that you do have?

SETTING

The play takes place in an expensive tropical resort and the home of Ed and Sadie.

CAST OF CHARACTERS

In order of appearance

PRODUCTION CREDITS

Written by

Joanna Murray-Smith

Scenic Designer

Derek McLane

Costume Designer **Laura Bauer**

Lighting Designer

Peter Kaczorowski

Sound Designer

John Gromada

Media Designer **Howard Werner**

Production Stage Manager **Mary Michele Miner**

Assistant Stage Manager **Gary J. Breitbach**

Casting by **Phyllis Schuringa**

Dramaturg

Amy Levinson

Directed by

Maria Aitken

The first performance of *The Gift* was presented by Melbourne Theatre Company on May 28, 2011

THEMES & TOPICS

CHANCE ENCOUNTERS CHANGING LIVES

A central theme in *The Gift* is how chance meetings can change lives. As one of the characters, Martin, says, "All of us are living a narrative in which a chance encounter or moment becomes the author of our future."

In the play, two couples meet at a resort. Ed and Sadie are there to honor their twenty-five year marriage. While dining in the resort's restaurant, they notice Martin and Chloe celebrating their eighth wedding anniversary and invite the young couple to join them for a drink. The couples bond as they discover shared interests and navigate their differences. A key event draws them even closer and leads to a completely unexpected next step in their lives.

DISCUSSION POINT

Think of an unexpected meeting with someone — in school, in your neighborhood, while traveling — that ended up having a strong impact on your life. Whom did you meet, where were you, what happened, and how did the encounter change your life?

RELATIONSHIPS

In *The Gift*, two married couples become friends. Their feelings towards each other, as spouses and friends, change as the play unfolds.

DISCUSSION POINT

How can we tell what kind of relationships people have? How do we know if they are close, distant, or hostile? What behaviors reveal how they feel about each other?



Jaime Ray Newman, Chris Mulkey, James Van Der Beek, Kathy Baker in The Gift. Photo by Michael Lamont.

CHOICES & RESPONSIBILITIES

In *The Gift*, Martin's commitment to his creativity as an artist is pitted against his responsibilities in life. When Ed strongly questions a choice Martin is about to make, he argues, "We make mistakes, of course we do. We make choices and they're the wrong choices. We fall into things and they're ... wrong for us. *But we see it through*."

DISCUSSION POINT

How do our choices in the present affect our future?

What does it mean to take responsibility for our mistakes? When is it better to change course and not see our choices through?

EXPERIENCING ART

CONCEPTUAL ART

In Conceptual art, the idea that a work conveys is considered more important than its visual appearance. Marcel Duchamp (1887-1968), who questioned the conventional values of the art world in the early 1900s. is considered the father of the art form. Conceptual art became popular in the 1960s. Artists were interested in prompting people to think or make meaning from their art, rather than creating art objects for collecting. Over time. the term has come to include non-traditional genres such as performance art and video art.

For a vibrant example of Conceptual art, visit tinyurl.com/MoMA-Kosuth

SOURCES

tinyurl.com/ArtLex-Conceptual tinyurl.com/Wikipedia-Conceptual

As they first get to know each other, Ed, who has enjoyed great success in the woodworking machinery business, struggles to understand what Martin does for a living as a conceptual artist.

Martin attempts to help Ed understand his profession by describing his latest artwork. When Ed asks what it means, Martin responds:

MARTIN

It means what you give it to mean, Ed. You give it its meaning. When you think about it, Ed, each of us bestows a kind of narrative on the world around us. Our presence alters it. It's not the same before us as it is when we pass through. We shake up the air. It's an improvisation.

One year later the two couples meet again. Ed describes how exciting it's been to experience Martin's work and how much he now loves contemporary art.

DISCUSSION POINT

How has art affected your life? Describe what you experienced and the impact it had on the way you think and feel about yourself, others, or the world.

IMPROVISATION



SOURCES tinyurl.com/NPR-MilesDavis tinyurl.com/Wikipedia-MilesDavis

Improvisation is the act of making things up on the spot. In jazz, musicians create melodies over repeating chords and rhythms. In theater, actors collaborate to invent and perform stories.

IMPROVISATION IN JAZZ

In *The Gift*, new friends Ed and Martin connect through their love of jazz. Later, Martin gives Ed *Kind of Blue*, an album created by jazz legend Miles Davis (1926-1991). Along with himself on trumpet, musicians on the recording included tenor saxophonist John Coltrane; alto saxophonist Julian "Cannonball" Adderley; pianists Bill Evans and Wynton Kelly; bassist Paul Chambers; and drummer Jimmy Cobb. *Kind of Blue*, created in 1959, is one of the best-selling jazz recordings of all time. In 2009, the U.S. House of Representatives passed a symbolic resolution to declare the album a national treasure. Its popularity is credited to its simplicity and use of a new kind of music improvisation.

IMPROVISATION IN THEATER

How might these skills help you succeed in life?

In improvisational theater, characters, dialogue, and the story are created in the moment, with minimal planning, as the performance unfolds. Improvisational theater encompasses a range of styles; some focus on developing comic sketches, while in others actors aim to create longer stories.

In addition to producing theater works, improvisation is sometimes used to develop characters and scripts in film and television, to train actors, and as a tool for communication and collaboration in education and business.

DISCUSSION POINT

Improvisation skills include being able to tap into your imagination and other resources, listening and being responsive to others, and being open to and selective about possibilities — all of which can help us meet challenges.

How have you used improvisation skills when faced with an unexpected problem?

SECTION 4

POST-SHOW DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- What was the most memorable moment in the play? Describe it in detail.
- What was the gift Martin and Chloe wanted from Ed and Sadie? How did their request make you feel? If you were Ed or Sadie, how would you have responded? Why?
- How did Ed and Sadie and their marriage change as a result of their encounters with Martin and Chloe?
- What did you learn from experiencing the play?
- What did you appreciate about the performances?
- How did the sets, costumes, and lighting contribute to the mood of the play?
- What did you enjoy most and least about the play? Why?

NOTES

RESOURCES

VISIT contemporary art exhibitions at the

- Los Angeles County Art Museum (LACMA) www.lacma.org
- Museum of Contemporary Art (MOCA) www.moca.org
- Bergamot Station Arts Center www.bergamotstation.com
- Santa Monica Museum of Art (SMMoA) www.smmoa.org

READ ABOUT Conceptual art in California:

tinyurl.com/BAM-CAConceptual offers an overview of a Pacific Standard Time exhibition at the Berkeley Art Museum.

tinyurl.com/SanDiego-CAConceptual links to a Los Angeles Times review of a recent exhibition that focused on Southern California's roots in Conceptual art.

LEARN ABOUT jazz legend Miles Davis at tinyurl.com/PBS-MilesDavis.

WATCH AND LISTEN TO Miles Davis at www.milesdavis.com/us/videos.

READ ABOUT improvisational techniques in *Improvisation for the Theater* by Viola Spolin (Northwestern University Press, 1999).



AMERICAN PREMIERE IN THE GIL CATES THEATER AT THE GEFFEN PLAYHOUSE

JANUARY 29 - MARCH 10, 2013

SPECIAL THANKS TO

Randall Arney, Joanna Murray-Smith, Maria Aitken, Amy Levinson, Brian Dunning, Connor White, Lynn Robb and Resa Nikol

STUDY GUIDE WRITTEN AND COMPILED BY

Jennifer Zakkai

This publication is to be used for educational purposes only.

THE GEFFEN PLAYHOUSE EDUCATION AND OUTREACH PROGRAMS ARE MADE POSSIBLE BY THE GENEROUS SUPPORT OF:

Ariel Investments

Brotman Foundation of California

Capital Group Companies Foundation

CBS Corporation

Celine Dion Foundation

City National Bank

Creative Artists Agency

Dan Hartman Arts & Music Foundation

Douglas Foundation

DreamWorks Animation

DreamWorks Studios

Dwight Stuart Youth Fund

Edgerton Foundation

Eisenberg-Keefer Foundation

Fox Entertainment Group

Greater Los Angeles New Car Dealers Association

Guggenheim Partners

HBO Films

InterActive Corp (IAC)

JP Morgan Chase and Co.

Keyes Automotive Group

Lear Family Foundation

Leo S. Guthman Fund

Los Angeles City Department of Cultural Affairs

Los Angeles County Arts Commission

LucasFilm

Maurice Amado Foundation

News Corporation

Kenneth T. and Eileen L. Norris Foundation

Northern Trust

Occidental Petroleum

OneWest Bank

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Queen Nefertari Productions

Resnick Family Foundation

Ralph M. Parsons Foundation

Shay Family Foundation

Sidley Austin Foundation

Simms/Mann Family Foundation

Simon Strauss Foundation

Skirball Foundation

Sony Pictures Entertainment

Stone Family Foundation

The Walt Disney Company

Transamerica Foundation

UCLA Dream Fund

Union Bank Foundation

Universal Studios

US Bank

Vidal Sassoon Family Foundation

W Hotel – Westwood

Warner Bros. Entertainment

Wells Fargo Foundation

Westfield Group

William Morris Endeavor



